

THE MURDER OF DR. HARLAN

HATTIE WOOLSTEEN MAKES A CONFLICTING CONFESSION AND ATTEMPTS SUICIDE.

Revelations of a Remarkable Crime in California—Curious Conduct of the Los Angeles Chief of Police—Was the Woman's Story Obtained Under Threats—She Said at First Harlan Shot Himself.

(SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 17.—No occurrence in recent years in Los Angeles has aroused more excitement than the revelation that the few charred and crisped human remains found in a burned barn at Compton on Oct. 7 was all that was left of Dr. E. C. Harlan, a popular dentist in former days and one of the best known sporting men on this coast. The remains had been inclosed in a rough box and dumped into an out-of-the-way place. The belief that a dreadful murder had been committed gained ground.

From facts gathered by the Chief of Police the story as it now stands is evolved. Harlan had gradually yielded to the fascination of gambling until he had thrown aside his profitable profession and constantly haunted the gambling halls. He was successful at the tables, and soon opened a place of his own, which became the most prominent and notorious resort of its kind in town. Countrymen were trapped within its walls and unhesitatingly fleeced. Young men about town fared little better. The matter reaching a crisis, the Chief of Police determined to put an end to the game. Just as he was ready to do so he learned that Harlan was not in the city and in consequence the raid was postponed.

Chief Darcy learned that Harlan had come to Compton, and with him a handsome young woman of Mexican descent, Harlan, although married, had a weakness for this young woman, Miss Woolsteen. The clew of Harlan's disappearance, when followed up, showed that he had taken the girl with him, ostensibly to sell her several lots. It was learned that the couple returned to the city in the evening. Harlan accompanied by a stranger. They went back to Compton again about midnight. At 4 o'clock in the morning the team which had conveyed the party was returned to the livery stable from which it disappeared.

THE MURDER REVEALED.

The chief, acting on his suspicion when he first heard of the burning of the barn, took with him to Compton Dr. Bird, who had filled a tooth for Harlan and would be able to recognize his work. The box holding the remains was unopened. The charred remains examined. After forcing the charred jaws open the dentist at once said that the remains were Harlan's. On the cranium of the murdered man were scars at the posterior end of the head of gunshot wounds. The legs and arms to the knee and elbow were burned away, but on the right breast, above the nipple, was a small discoloration, two inches in diameter, and below this were indications that he had been beaten severely. On the left breast was a cut seven inches long.

Meanwhile Miss Woolsteen had called at the chief's office and stated that she had visited Compton with Harlan to look at some lots and they returned to the city. She had not seen him since. The next development in the case was the statement of Harlan's sister, Minnie, on the fatal night. From lodgers at the house it was learned that about 8 o'clock the morning of the supposed murder the two girls, who had been out riding with two strange gentlemen, came home alone. They drove up to the house in a buggy, and went hurriedly to the room which was on the ground floor. One of the lodgers helped the women to alight and put up their baggage. It was not until Saturday that the murder was discovered.

CONFESSION AND ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

After Hattie Woolsteen had been in custody of the chief some days on suspicion of complicity in the murder she made a confession and supplemented it by an attempt to commit suicide by taking chloroform. She is now hovering between life and death. In her confession Hattie admits that she and Harlan quarrelled upon the day of the murder, and says she upbraided him severely for his duplicitous action. Five days after the killing she says she saw him at his head, but she does not know where the bullet struck. She then hoisted the body from the buggy, dragged it to the barn and set the body on fire.

After all is said, there has some very peculiar not to say mysterious features. Public opinion is on the girl's side. She was kept in close confinement for four days by the Chief of Police. Reporters were not allowed to see her. At last they took out a writ of habeas corpus in order to obtain an interview with her.

So soon as the chief heard of the proceedings he had a charge of murder sworn out, and Hattie was taken to court, where the nature of the charge was explained to her. She was greatly terrified and pleaded not guilty. When the trial was called on she confessed and tried to take her life.

TWO VERSIONS OF IT.

The chief says the girl told him two stories of the murder. She said that as she and Harlan were out riding on the road to Compton, in the darkness of the night, she saw a man appeal to him for simple justice. The man tried to ward off her direct question. "If he intended doing right by her?" he urged on by her wrongs, and sustained by her sense of what was due her, she at last compelled him to say that he could make no reparation. He was already married and the girl was without redress. So far her tale has been consistent. The other version is the story of what followed are given by the Chief: First she said that, touched by her awful cry of grief, when told that the man who was poisoning her was dead, holding out hope of correcting her wrongs at the altar, had deceived her, Harlan drew a revolver from his pocket, put it to his head and fired. Death was almost instantaneous. Shocked and frightened all alone in the night, the girl did not know what to do. Finally, recalling a barn near Compton, she managed to drive the buggy there. She then succeeded in getting the body from her lover and, dragging it into the barn, laid it on a heap of straw, and taking a match from the man's vest pocket, set fire to the combustible pile. Her only thought was to get rid of all evidence of the horrible deed. She then returned to Los Angeles and took the buggy back to the livery stable. After Hattie had told this story she asked the Chief if he thought it was a good story or what kind of a story would take best in court. She was told bluntly to tell the truth.

Well," she replied, "when Harlan drew his revolver he said to me: 'Hattie, I will kill myself, but better kill me or I will kill myself.'"

"She then said, 'I will,' pulled out a pistol of her own and sped the bullet through Harlan's brain."

Hattie is far from pretty. She has plain, irregular features and a sallow complexion, yet there is something striking about the slight, girlish figure.

People in Los Angeles think that the girl was prompted to suicide on account of the shame of exposure of her character, and not because she was guilty of murder. They say her confession was obtained under threats.

POlice ENFORCE THE BLUE LAWS.

Truckmen Arrested for Removing Baggage from Jerome Park on Sunday.

Sporting men are in a high state of indignation over Police Capt. Siebert's action in seizing the baggage from the Jerome Park stables yesterday. This is the first attempt made to stretch the blue laws so as to prevent people from moving their personal baggage on the Sabbath, and the horse-owners whom Capt. Siebert interfered with clamor loudly for fair play.

"How is it," asked one of the Dwyer brothers yesterday, "that the police arrest the truckmen having charge of the baggage from our stables on Sunday, when at the same hour a hundred express wagons are plying unmolested between the residences of theatrical people, the hotels and the railway depots? Where is the line to be drawn? Why is there more of a violation of law to remove the saddles and blankets from over the stables than to move an actor's trunk, containing his paint, powder and stage costumes?"

W. H. Jennings, S. S. Brown, James Rowe, J. B. Haggan and D. D. Brown, the other horse-owners who were inconvenienced by Captain Siebert's action, also complained bitterly of the injustice done. No notice was given them that the police intended to arrest their truckmen, and the moving on Sunday was so necessary and had proceeded so long without molestation that it did not enter into their minds that it could be construed as a breach of the law.

The Baltimore race meeting taken place to-morrow, but most of the New York horses entered will not reach there until late this evening, owing to the delay caused here by the police. The horses had to stand at the police station several hours without food, and they could not be despatched on their long journey until this morning. They were taken to the city in the evening, and the condition when they reach Baltimore, and will have very little time in which to recuperate for the races.

Justice Power, sitting in the Harlem Court, took away a portion of the law from the truckmen held by Capt. Siebert. When the four truckmen were arraigned before him this morning he said he thought that the truckmen's offense was not a very venial one, and that unless he found some provision in the law stronger than any yet brought to his notice, he would have to hold the removal of baggage under such circumstances perfectly legal. The truckmen were thereupon discharged.

KEEPING OUT THE CHOLERA.

The Steamship Britannia Detained at Quarantine.

The steamship Britannia, consigned to J. W. Kewell & Co., has been detained in quarantine since last Friday. The Britannia is a sister ship to the Albia, which brought the cholera to this port, and comes from the same ports as the Albia. The Independent, arrived from the cholera-infected districts, arrived in quarantine on Saturday, but was released after being quarantined for a few days.

When the Independent was released and the passengers were allowed to go ashore, apprehensions that some cases of cholera had been discovered among the Italian steerage passengers, say that there is no sickness aboard the Britannia, and that she is merely detained for the purpose of quarantining her passengers. Her passengers are being put under close observation to ascertain if any of them are infected with the scourge.

J. Ter Kulte, the passenger agent of the Britannia, when asked about the detention of the ship, said: "I am not sure, but I think the Health Officer is only adopting extra precaution in case any of the people should be in some way infected with the cholera."

Western Union After Cable Messages.

The work of closing the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company's offices has begun. The St. Louis office, which has been a transfer office between the Postal and Baltimore and Ohio companies for the exchange of cable messages, is the first large office to be abolished. It is said that this action was taken for the purpose of transferring the Western Union's important Texas cable service, to the Baltimore and Ohio Company has heretofore transferred to the Postal Company.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Western Union Telegraph Company is to be held this afternoon, to decide what offices are to be closed and to take action on the rate changes.

Rescued and Locked Up.

A man struggling in the River, at the foot of Twenty-second street, this morning, attracted the attention of Policemen John W. Taylor and Lewis Warren. Both patrolmen sprang overboard to the drowning man's assistance and they succeeded in landing him after much labor. At the station-house the man explained that he had been overboard accidentally. He said he was John Archer, fifty-two years old, of No. 820 East Thirty-fourth street, and that he was held as a prisoner at the station-house.

A Young Man Dragging a Trunk.

Policemen Adams met a young man dragging a heavy trunk through West Twenty-seventh street, at 5 o'clock this morning. The man, Adams, and then he found it on the sidewalk. Adams arrested him. He said he was Thomas McGrover, of 127 West Twenty-seventh street, from whose shop it came. Adams was immediately taken to the station-house.

Cold Welcome for Emperor Henry IV.

A tall, well-looking man walked into the office of Bellevue Hospital last night, and, thumping the desk violently, announced that he was "by the grace of God, Henry IV, Emperor of Germany," and wanted accommodations. He said he had just taken a short walk from Springfield, and was looking up in the hotel register, and there it still. He is a German and looks like a farm laborer, but he declines to give any name except Henry IV, of Germany.

A Watch Dog Saves \$500.

Charles Herbert, an ex-convict, and Henry Schaefer tried to rob Harlan's grocery store, at 300 East Fourth street, early this morning, but the watch dog kept them at bay until Policemen Mulholland and arrested them. The dog, Justice Patterson, in the Essex Market Police Court, held them in \$500 bail. Mr. Harlan said he had \$500 in bills in the place at the time.

Brass Shops Still Closed.

There was no change to-day in the struggle between the Chandler Manufacturers' Association and the Brass-Workers' Union. The rumor that the various shops would open this morning proved to be without foundation. The Union had pickets stationed at each of the shops this morning, and they all reported that the doors were closed.

United Labor's County Convention.

The County Convention of the United Labor Party will meet to-night in Cooper Union Hall. It is expected that the full ticket will be nominated for county and city offices.

The President at Nashville.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 17.—President Cleveland and party arrived here this morning and were greeted enthusiastically by an immense crowd.

LABOR'S EMPHATIC PROTEST.

TO DENOUNCE THE RECENT POLICE CLUB-BING IN UNION SQUARE.

Organized Labor to Have a Big Procession and a Big Meeting This Evening—Addresses Expected From Ex-Gov. Abbott, Thomas G. Platt and a United States Senator—A Big Force of Policemen Ready.

PROTESTING PROGRESSIVE Labor men and women, and as many other citizens as choose to join them, are preparing for a large demonstration this evening in Union Square.

The meeting was a decided success, the town being illuminated, and it was signaled by Mr. O'Brien, M. P., publicly burning the Gazette containing the proclamation.

TENANTS TO GO TO THE COURTS.

Lord Lieut. Lord Londonderry has returned no reply to the memorial of his County Down tenants for a reduction of rent, and a resolution was passed that they go into the land courts.

DEMONSTRATION AT BELFAST TO-NIGHT.

Col. Sanderson, M. P., addresses a monster demonstration in Ulster Hall, Belfast, to-night, after opening the new Orange Hall, Ballinacraig, in the borders of the town. He follows close on Mr. Chamberlain's policy.

WARRANTS FOR THE MITCHELLTOWN BROTHERS.

Warrants have been issued for by Coroner Rice against Brownrigg and the policemen who fired on the people at Mitchellstown and will probably be executed to-day. They will all be liberated when brought before the magistrate.

Royalty Has the Menace.

(SPECIAL CABLE TO THE EVENING WORLD.)

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 17.—Princess Marie and Princess Louise, daughters of the Prince of Wales, who are both suffering from an attack of measles, are progressing favorably toward recovery. Princess Marie is the worst sufferer from the disease. Princess Louise has only a slight attack.

THOMAS NORRIS'S GALLANT WORK.

He Rescues Four Helpless Persons From a Fire in South Street.

When fire broke out at 17 South street, at 4 o'clock this morning, Thomas Norris, a young Englishman, was asleep on the top floor of the building. He was awakened by the crackling of the fire and the smell of smoke. Hastily putting on some of his clothes, he ran down stairs to the sleeping room of John G. Norris, his two daughters and Annie Stevens, a nurse. He broke open the door and shouted "Fire!" It took Norris two minutes to make the women understand their danger. Even then he had to take Annie Stevens by the hand and run down two flights of stairs with her.

Running back, Morris hustled the other two out. His work was not yet done, for the fire was not yet out. He was the proprietor of the Chandlery on the ground floor, who has been for some weeks confined to bed. His name is John G. Norris, and he weighs over 200 pounds. He was in the flames crawling about him Norris helped his heavy burden to the street, and then took all the rescued people around to Coenties slip.

The fire broke out at 17 South street to 123 and 125 Broad street, where W. W. Wickes kept a stock of syrups and molasses. Wickes' loss is estimated at \$30,000. The building is damaged to the amount of \$7,000. Mr. All-Longland, who lives in the building, lost \$20,000. The loss on the building is estimated at \$10,000. Several persons who had offices in the building suffered small losses.

HARLAN'S EXCISE RIOT.

Four Italians Held for Clubbing a Policeman and Breaking His Arm.

The riot which followed an attempt to make an excise arrest in "Little Italy" last night, resulted in six Italians being arraigned in the Harlem Court this morning. Policeman Bowden, whose arm was broken by a blow with an iron bar, and Policeman Drew, who was stabbed in the back, were in court.

The prisoners were Peter Rega, of 313 East One Hundred and Eleventh street; John Cappe, of 112 East One Hundred and Eleventh street; Nicholas Scarso, of 407 East One Hundred and Twelfth street; Antonio Judd, of 315 East One Hundred and Eleventh street; and Michael Rega, of 315 East One Hundred and Eleventh street.

While the instigators of the meeting are busy, Murray is not idle, and he has made careful preparations for any emergency. He has a large force of men, and he will be in readiness to meet any trouble that may arise. There will be five hundred policemen stationed in Union Square in and out of uniform, and under the direct command of Inspector Steers, who will be in the Square is located, Capt. Reilly, of the Nineteenth, Clinchy, of the Eighteenth; Carpenter, of the Twentieth, and Allaire, of the Twenty-first.

The leaders of the Progressive Labor party say that so far as their party is concerned, there will be no disturbance nor provocation for one. They have no fear of trouble from the George men, but do fear police interference. They have been warned that they will be treated as enemies.

Among the organizations that will participate are the following Labor Unions: Machinists' Progressive, United Machinists No. 2, Cabinet Makers No. 2, Locksmiths and Railing-Makers, Tailors' Progressive No. 1, Furniture-Makers No. 7, Masons No. 11, Surgical Instrument Makers' Union, United Police Men's Laborers No. 1, Independent Clothing Cutters, Waiters No. 1, Gorman Coopers No. 1, Brewers and Beer Drivers, Bakers No. 1, Tailors' Progressive No. 11, Peddlers' Guild, Bon-Weavers' Progressive, Maltsters No. 1, German Painters' Carriage and Wagon Makers, German Brass Workers, Carpenters' Progressive, Swiss Embroiderers' Corps and Skyline Makers' and Cigar-makers' Progressive unions No. 90 and 10, besides the Eighth, Tenth, Fifteenth and Seventeenth Assembly District Progressive Labor organizations.

MR. BALFOUR IN IRELAND.

Conservation of the Woodford Meeting—(SPECIAL CABLE TO THE EVENING WORLD.)

DUBLIN, Oct. 17.—Mr. Balfour is now in Dublin, and to-day will consult with his colleagues at the cabinet as to the state of the country. Sir West Ridgway is here also getting inducted into the duties of the Under Secretaryship.

CASLE PROFILE CHAOS.

The Castle people are bewildered, and the chagrin of their friends is not concealed at the march stolen on the Government by the holding of the demonstration at Woodford on Saturday at midnight.

THE WOODFORD MEETING A SUCCESS.

The meeting was a decided success, the town being illuminated, and it was signaled by Mr. O'Brien, M. P., publicly burning the Gazette containing the proclamation.

QUEER MATRIMONIAL EXPERIENCES OF AN ITALIAN GIRL.

Sold by Her Mother in Italy and Illegally Married in New York—Her Husband Accused of Bigamy—Story of Stealing Her Dowry—Last of All He Drew a Knife on Her—Many Charges to be Met.

Matilda Zambreno is a black-eyed, round-faced, well-developed Italian married girl of fourteen. Interpreter A. Grant, of the Essex Market Police Court, got a story from her to-day which is interesting, and which, if true, will lead to a variety of charges against her husband.

Matilda lived in the village of Ajatura, in the province of Basilicata, and was considered the beauty of the village. But her mother was very poor, and a cripple, and she could not hope for a good marriage in her native place. One day a padrone of the villa came to her mother and said that if she wanted to see daughter married happily in the land of gold and liberty she should give the passage ticket to America, and wish her daughter good-bye.

The mother said that a son of Italy, who had prospered in America, had sent to him for a wife, and that as she was poor and her daughter had no dowry, she would not doubt that all parties would be satisfied with the marriage. Matilda Morretti, that was her maiden name, left her native village, and went to New York with her mother and arrived in the promised land on the 6th day of June.

Her future husband was at Castle Garden to receive her. On June 8 she accompanied him to his home, and he took her to his room, and she was married to him. The marriage ceremony was performed, and that day and that night only, Matilda and Angelo Zambreno lived as man and wife.

Four days after the marriage a friend of Matilda's told her that Angelo had been married four years before to an Italian woman whom he was still loving, and by whom he had two children. When Angelo resolved to support two wives, it is averred, he got rid of the children, who are now four or five years old, by going to the New York Court House, and getting Agent Young, of Mr. Gerry's society to have them committed to the Catholic Protector. For that Agent Young will have a bone to pick with Signor Zambreno.

When Zambreno learned that his second wife knew of his first wife, it is alleged that he took his first wife to the New York Court House, and went to Buenos Ayres. The \$300 was all that Matilda's mother had saved up during many years, and to her earnings well-to-do. He had been in the United States for three weeks after the marriage in the Mayor's office Matilda's mother arrived in this country.

Last night when Angela returned suddenly she found her husband with a woman. He asked for forgiveness. He said he loved her only, and he asked her to live with him. She refused. She was a big, strong woman, and she was living with a bigamist. He expostulated, threatened, and finally drew a knife. Matilda eluded his grasp and fled down the stairs of the rear house at 824 East Eleventh street, which was living. She ran up the street and breathlessly fell against Policeman Frazier. Frazier turned around and saw a short, thick-necked, unshaven man, who was running away from him. He arrested the man and when the sergeant in the Mulberry street station understood the case, the husband was locked up on charges of disorderly conduct, of threatening to kill Matilda and of assaulting a policeman.

This morning Agent Young said that the prisoner was guilty of a misdemeanor because he married a girl under sixteen without the consent of her parents, and that he was held on a charge of bigamy, and that he was guilty of another misdemeanor for foisting his children upon the county's care. Zambreno was remanded without bail.

Jacob Sharp's Appeal.

Argument on Jacob Sharp's appeal is down on the Court of Appeals calendar for Wednesday of this week, but to-day District-Attorney Martine said to an Evening World reporter that the case would probably go over until some time next week.

The People's case requires a little more preparation, and the court will probably not sit on exact day for the argument has not been fixed. I expect to confer with Mr. Sharp's counsel to-day, and will be ready to go to court. It may be heard, but if we are unable to agree I will have a representative at Albany to move an adjournment.

Barrett's Assault in the Tomb.

Giuseppe Sombardi, the Italian printer who shot John Barrett, the policeman's son, while he was defending his sister from insult, was taken to the Tombs Police Court this morning by Policeman John McNeal, of the Oak Street station. None of the members of the Barrett family were in court, and Policeman McNeal made the necessary adjournment. Justice O'Reilly committed the case to the Tombs, and the result will be heard to-morrow. It was expected that a scene would be enacted in court, as policeman Thomas Barrett, the father of the wounded man, had said that the Italian would not live to reach the court.

The Fudge Sighted Off Fire Island.

The steamship Fudge, of the North German Lloyd line, which left Southampton on Oct. 15, has been sighted southeast of Fire Island. On board is Andrew Cornegio, with a reputation of members of both houses of Parliament, who have been appointed by the Peace Association of Great Britain to wait upon the President.

Mrs. Ella Harvey Discharged.

Mrs. Ella Harvey, who shot Col. Deming, was finally discharged on her own recognizance in the General Sessions Court to-day by Judge Gilderleeve, because a subpoena could not be served on Deming, and it was thought that a conviction could be secured without his testimony. She had been in the Tombs nearly two months. She said she was sorry she was not to be free, as she would have liked to testify about Col. Deming. Her health, she says, has been shattered by her imprisonment.

Depopulated by Typhoid Fever.

(SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.)

DETROIT, Oct. 17.—In Lion Mountain, a prosperous village in Menominee County, near the Wisconsin border, has been nearly depopulated by typhoid fever. Nearly everybody is sick, and there are a dozen funerals a day. The local physicians are sick, and medical aid has been summoned from Chicago.

No New Deaths From Yellow Fever.

(SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.)

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—A despatch from Coloco, at Tampa, to Surgeon-General Hamilton, says that there has been no recent deaths from yellow fever at that place, but that three new cases have been developed. There is no immediate prospect of a further spread of the disease.

BIG FIRE AT LAKEWOOD.

TWO HOTELS AND MANY COTTAGES ALREADY CONSUMED.

General Devastation of the Pretty Chautauqua Village is Feared—The Loss, It is Thought, Will Reach \$1,000,000—The Fire Department of the Town Powerless to Check the Rapidly Spreading Flames.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Oct. 17.—The Lake View House, the Kent House and many cottages in Lakewood are on fire and are burning rapidly.

The loss is estimated in the neighborhood of \$1,000,000.

The greatest excitement prevails in the surrounding country, and all possible proffers of assistance are made by farmers and business men. Neighbors have taken people made homeless by the flames into their houses, and are making them as comfortable as possible under the circumstances. It is impossible to determine yet how the fire originated.

The flames are spreading rapidly and the fire department is powerless.

SAT DOWN ON JUDGE CARPENTER.

Judge Nelson Says Rhode Island Justice Will Not Do At All in Massachusetts.

(SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.)

BOSTON, Oct. 17.—That Massachusetts Judges are sometimes jealous of their prerogatives was illustrated by an incident which occurred in the United States District Court recently, where a case was being tried before Judge Nelson, and the latter stated that, as the evidence in the case involved the examination of a large number of papers, it might require a reference to an auditor.

One of the counsel at this suggested that his Honor, Judge Carpenter—who is a resident of Rhode Island, but frequently holds the Circuit Court in this city—had ruled the practice in the United States courts did not permit such a procedure.

Judge Nelson rather sharply replied to the remark of counsel by saying that this was not the law, and that he had recently had a conversation with Justice Gray upon this subject, and the latter had agreed that lawyers from other States would not be allowed to come in Massachusetts and change the rules as immemorably practiced in the courts of the latter State. The case was not referred to an auditor.

SUFFOCATED BY SMOKE.

A Fire Over a Stable Causes the Death of Two Young Children.

(SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.)

PEABODY, MASS., Oct. 17.—James O'Connell, with his wife and two children, James, aged four, and Mary, aged two, resided in a tenement over a stable in the rear of Samuel Trask's store on Washington street. The tenement comprises three low-studded rooms. O'Connell went to church alone immediately after breakfast yesterday. Shortly afterward Mrs. O'Connell locked the children in a room and went to call on a neighbor.

About 11:30 o'clock a woman noticed smoke issuing from the windows and gave an alarm of fire. The firemen were unable, by reason of the smoke to enter the house. Mrs. O'Connell, who was in the room, made known the fact of her children being in the house, and after a desperate effort entrance was effected. The children were both found suffocated and the efforts of the doctors failed to revive them.

Friends of the Anarchists to Turn Out.

Meetings are to be held on Thursday night at Cooper Union and at Deane's Hall, River Park, to protest against the sentence of the Chicago Anarchists and to raise money for the appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States. The meetings will be under the management of the Central Labor Union and of the Knights of Labor, and will be addressed to the scene, made known the fact of her children being in the house, and after a desperate effort entrance was effected. The children were both found suffocated and the efforts of the doctors failed to revive them.

Joseph Muniz, of No. 36 James street, appeared at the Essex Market Court this morning with a slight handkerchief around his face and said that as he was going downstairs in a three-car monte den in Mulberry street last evening, Giovanni Maria, an utter stranger, jumped at him and cut his face with a dirk. Maria was held for trial.

In the Way of a Pennsylvania Train.

(SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.)

NEWARK, Oct. 17.—John McNeil, aged twenty-two years, of 109 Nichols street, Newark, was struck by an east-bound Pennsylvania Railroad train at the Chestnut street depot this morning and badly injured. He was taken to St. Michael's Hospital.

Their Weekly Sejour Near Over.

No more cases of cholera were reported to-day. At the office of the Fabre line, to which the Albia belonged, it was said that the company expected that the passengers on Hoffman Island would be discharged at the end of this week.

The Crime of Selling Two Neckties.

Alexander Hirsch and Louis Schnackenberg were arrested at 566 Bowers for having sold two neckties on Sunday. Justice Gorman at Jefferson Market Court to-day held them for trial.

Notes About Workings.

Forty thousand men are expected by the labor leaders to join in to-night's demonstration. Progressive Painters' Union No. 1 has been condemned by resolution, the Union Square outrage. Members of Cigar-makers' Unions No. 10, 14 and 144 have been assessed one cent per capita to defray the expenses of the boycott on St. Paul.

The New York Journeymen Barbers-Makers' Association has severed its connection with the Knights of Labor because it was on the decline under the jurisdiction of the order.

The officers of the Ocean Association of Longshoremen have addressed a satirical letter to the officers of the Third District Seamen's Labor, on the death of S. C. McCready, President of that corporation. It will be remembered that Mr. McCready was the last opponent of the longshoremen during the strike last winter.

Prob Sues It Will Be Paid.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—For Eastern New York Warner, followed by cooler, fair weather, light to fresh southerly winds, becoming southerly.

For Connecticut, light to fresh southerly winds, becoming southerly.

For Ohio, light to fresh southerly winds, becoming southerly.

For Pennsylvania, light to fresh southerly winds, becoming southerly.

For Maryland, light to fresh southerly winds, becoming southerly.

For Virginia, light to fresh southerly winds, becoming southerly.

For North Carolina, light to fresh southerly winds, becoming southerly.

For South Carolina, light to fresh southerly winds, becoming southerly.

For Georgia, light to fresh southerly winds, becoming southerly.

For Florida, light to fresh southerly winds, becoming southerly.

For Alabama, light to fresh southerly winds, becoming southerly.

For Louisiana, light to fresh southerly winds, becoming southerly.

For Mississippi, light to fresh southerly winds, becoming southerly.

For Arkansas, light to fresh southerly winds, becoming southerly.

For Missouri, light to fresh southerly winds, becoming southerly.

For Illinois, light to fresh southerly winds, becoming southerly.

For Indiana, light to fresh southerly winds, becoming southerly.

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